



A Handbook

Mapping of Ministries by Targets in the implementation of SDGs aligning with 7th Five Year Plan (2016-20)

Support to Sustainable and Inclusive Planning (SSIP) Project
General Economics Division (GED)
Planning Commission

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Sustainable Development Goal and associated Targets	Lead Ministries / Divisions	Associate Ministries/ Divisions	Actions to achieve the SDG targets within 7 th FYP (2016-2020)	Actions to achieve the targets beyond 7 th FYP Period (2021-2030)	List of Existing Policy Instrument (Acts/ Policies/ Strategies etc.)	Proposed Global Indicators for Performance Measurement	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education	Lead: MoPME Co- Lead: MoHFW	MoSW; MoWCA; MoRA; LGD;	EPI coverage for all children arrangements for safe child birth programme on PNC eradication of polio elimination of measles and neonatal tetanus national nutrition programme improve the standard of pre-		The revised Child Marriage Restraint Act 2013; Primary Education Development Programme	4.2.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well- being, by sex 4.2.2 Participation	
	МоРМЕ	MoRA; LGD	 school increase in the number of schools with pre-school classes rise in the proportion of teachers trained 			rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex	
4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	Lead: MoE	FD; MoEWOE; MoLE; MoYS; MoWCA; MoInd (BITAC); MoTJ; SID	 Equal emphasis to the farm and non-farm sectors including internal and external labour mobility to expand employment opportunities for the youth necessary training and support to the youth vocational ICT training facilities for the youth programme to extract a rich demographic dividend through grooming the youth with secular, democratic, ethical, and humane values 			4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex	
4.4 By 2030, substantially increase	Lead: MoE	ICTD; FD; MoEWOE;	 Restructure curriculum at degree and diploma levels for all 		ICT Fellowship and Donation	4.4.1 Proportion of youth and	

Chapter 5

Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Mapping of Ministries/Divisions by Targets

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Goal 5. Achieve gend	<mark>ler equality a</mark>	<mark>ind empower a</mark> l	l women and girls				
Target 5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	Lead: MoWCA	MoHA; LJD; LPAD; MoInd; MoFA; MoLE MoRA; MoTJ	• Implement National Women Development Policy (NWDP), 2011		National Women Development Policy-2011; National Child Policy-2011;	5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non- discrimination on the basis of sex	
5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	Lead: MoWCA	MoHA; LJD; LPAD; SID; MoEWOE; MoFA; MoLE MoRA; MoTJ	 eliminating gender health and education disparities prioritizing women in social programmes, loans and microcredit eliminating violence against women through adequate reporting of incidents, and medical, legal and psychological treatment recognizing the multitude of social identities women can have: ethnic, religious, wealth groups, disabilities and taking it into account when formulating policies 		Women and Children Repression (Control) Act 2000, amended in 2003 and 2012; National Action Plan to Prevent Violence Against Women and Children 2013-2015;	5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age	

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of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations			 initiatives. Ensuring sanitation facilities in the hydro-geologically difficult and problematic areas Ensuring safe sanitation facilities for all through the development and upgradation of different sanitation options Increase access to sanitation facilities to all rural people. 		strategy 2005 Sector Development Plan (2011- 2025), Water Supply and Sanitation Sector. Pro-poor strategy for water and sanitation sector in Bangladesh 2005		
6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally	Lead: LGD Co-Lead: MoEF	MoInd; MoFA; MoTJ; MoF; MoWR; MoS	 Urban areas need integrated water treatment and efficient water supply facilities. Shifting the dependence on water supply from groundwater to surface water with improvement in surface water quality Construction, operation and maintenance of water treatment plants, water abstraction facilities and water distribution system for providing drinking water to public, industries and commercial organizations, 		Participatory Water Management Regulations (2014)	6.3.1 Proportion of wastewater safely treated	
	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto			6.3.2 Proportion of bodies of water with	

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8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors	Lead: MoC; Co-Lead: MoInd; Co-Lead: MoA;	MoLE; MoEWOE; MoST; MoTJ; MoFL; ICTD; BFID (BB); MoE; SID	 Investment in technology that contributes to improvement in capital efficiency Spending on research and development (R&D) in order to technological development, innovation and adoption of technological change Strengthen combined effect of market orientation, deregulation, and trade liberalization 			8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person	
8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small-and medium- sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	Lead: GED	AWRRID; BFID (BB); IED; MoInd; MoLE; PID; Progm. Div.; SEID; SID; MoST; MoYS; ICTD; MoEWOE; FD	 Further implementation of Food for Work Programme (FWP) and Employment Generation Programme for the Poor (EGPP) ICT penetration in rural Bangladesh to bring financial services to the doorsteps of the vast majority of unbanked rural population Expand access to financial services to the underserved including micro and household enterprises now operating in the informal market Organise a long-term massive enhancement effort for 88 percent informal labour force in education and skills training to convert into quality labour for manufacturing and formal services 		MgDg	8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex	
8.4 Improve	Lead: ERD	MoA;			NSDS	8.4.1 Material	

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			complete education and to enable the working youth and the older workforce to acquire required skills				
8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms	Lead: MoLE	MoEWOE; MoFA; MoHA; MoWCA; SID;MoYS; MoSW	 Instigation of the National Plan of Action for Implementing the National Child Labour Elimination Policy 2010 Develop short, medium and long-term programmes to eliminate child labour in Bangladesh Take effective measures to reduce child labour, and eliminate worst forms of child labour with a particular focus on child domestic workers, migrants, refugees and other vulnerable groups 		National Child Labour Elimination Policy 2010; Prevention and Suppression of Human Trafficking Act 2012;	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age	
8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment	Lead: MoLE	MoHFW; MoEWOE; MoFA; MoHA, MoC, MoInd; MoTJ; SID	 Protection of labour rights to organize and strive for decent wages and safe working conditions Interventions to be taken to ensure the protection of migrant workers' human and labour rights Periodic review of bilateral and multilateral employment agreement and generate greater oversight of working conditions and breaches of contract to ensure protection of expatriate 		Overseas Employment and Migrants Act (2013); Bangladesh Labour Act 2006, amended in 2013;	8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status	

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			workers including special emphasis on female migrant workers • Implementation of stronger penalties for hazardous working conditions				
	Ditto	MoHFW; MoFA; MoHA, MoC, MoInd; MoTJ				8.8.2 Increase in national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status	
8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products	Lead: MoCAT; Co-Lead: MoCA	MoE; MoInf; LGD; MoR; RTHD; MoEF; MoCHTA; BFID (BB); SID	 Ecotourism and community-based tourism to be encouraged as a means of income generation for the local people Introduce measures to address issues pertaining to the supply and quality of workforce in the tourism industry Substantial investments in education and tourism infrastructure Adopt a proper strategy and 		Bangladesh Tourism Protection Area and Special Tourism Region Act 2010; Bangladesh Tourism Board Act 2010; The Tourism Policy 2010; The Antiquities	8.9.1 Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in growth rate	

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			 Construction and rehabilitation of Cyclone Shelters and killas (1238 Nos) Land Use Planning and Management Project in the Upazillas of Bangladesh Periodic and Routine maintenance of Paved and Herring Bone Bond (HBB) roads & structures on rural roads Coordinate the Roads, Railway and inland water cargo linkages to strengthen the performance of Chittagong Port and the competitiveness of the manufacturing sector. 				
	Lead: RTHD	MoR; MoS; MoCAT				9.1.2 Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport	
9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed	Lead: MoInd	FD; GED; MoC; BFID (BB); SID; ICTD; MoTJ	 Investment rate needs to expand from 28.9% in FY2015 to around 34.4% by FY2020. Creating good jobs for the large pool of under-employed and new labour force entrants by increasing the share of employment in the manufacturing sector from 15 percent to 20 percent Manufacturing sector, with double digit growth, rising 		Industrial Policy 2010;	9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita	

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9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities	Lead: MoInd Co-Lead: MoLE Co-Lead: MoC Co- Lead:MoTJ	BD; LGD; MoS; RTHD; MoR; MoA; MoFA	loan disbursement, monitoring use of credit and collection of loan. PKSF will continue to wholesale credit to its partner NGO-MFIs for small and micro enterprises. SME Foundation will continue providing loans at single digit interest rates to local SMEs through its credit wholesaling programmes. The growth strategies of the 7th FYP are broad-based enough to emphasize eradicating poverty as well as sustained economic growth while maintaining the healthy functioning of the Earth's ecosystems. Incentives for adoption of improved fuel use efficiency and energy conservation technology in industry; Produce environment friendly organic Bio- fertilizers, Bio- gas that will reduce fuel consumption, increase sugar cane production and also consider using molasses to produce alcohol/spirit. DoE should have strong role as National Designated Entity	5	Environment Court Act 2010; Brick Manufacture and Brick Kiln Installation Act in 2013;	9.4.1 CO ₂ emission per unit of value added	8

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developing States	2	3	international provision of adequate finance Considering FDI is not only an important source of financing but more importantly it is an excellent source of importing technology and modern management, critical instruments for improving total factor productivity.	5	6	7	8
9.b Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities	Lead: MoST Co-Lead: ICTD	BD; ERD; LGD; MoA; MoHPW; MoInd; MoR; MoS; PID; RTHD; MoInd (DPDT); MoTJ; SID	 Technology can also be imported from abroad through foreign direct investment which brings the latest equipment, management skills, and technical know-how. Technology transfer in the garment industry from partnership with foreign investors Adoption of improved technology can be a major factor for improving total factor productivity and increasing the rate of growth. The Government should build partnership with NGOs, Multinational Companies, and donors so that greater technology transfer is facilitated. 		Information and Communication Technology Act 2006, Amended in 2009 & 2013;	9.b.1 Proportion of medium and high-tech industry value added in total value added	
9.c Significantly increase access to		Inf. Com; MoR	Access to modern technology related to business and jobs		Cyber Security Policy 2010;	9.c.1 Proportion of population	

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	Ditto	Ditto				12.2.2 Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP	
12.3 By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses	Lead: MoF Co-Lead: MoA	MoInf; MoC; MoFL; SID;			Consumer Rights Protection Act 2009;	12.3.1 Global food loss index	
12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the	Lead: MoEF	LGD; MoA; MoInd; MoHFW; MoTJ				12.4.1 Number of parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous waste, and other chemicals that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement	

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the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda							
17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020	Lead: MoC Co-Lead: MoFA	BRID (BB); (NBR); IRD; MoTJ				17.11.1 Developing countries' and least developed countries' share of global exports	
17.12 Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access	Lead: MoC Co-Lead: MoFA	IRD (NBR)	 Quota-free market access, Rules of Origin, Operationalization of Services Waiver, and Trade Facilitation Agreement were critical for Bangladesh. The Bali decision to enhance Coverage of DFQF schemes within 10th Ministerial Bangladesh seeks full implementation of Bali package so that the decision can be operationalized properly and much desired commercially preferential market access 			17.12.1 Average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States	
Systemic issues	Lead: FD	BFID (BB);				17.13.1	







